

**APPENDIX D**  
**(Marked-Up Copy Of Amended Paragraphs)**

Page 1, lines 8-14:

Fig. 1 of the drawings illustrates a stator with a conventional radial winding. The stator comprises a plurality of silicon-steel plates 90 of identical shape and size and having a central hole 94 for rotatably receiving an axle tube, which, in turn rotatably receives a shaft (not shown) of a rotor (not shown). Each silicon-steel plate 90 includes even-numbered poles 91 and a pole face 92 is formed by the distal ends of the stacked poles 91 of the silicon-steel plates 90. The poles 91 having a metal wire 93 wound therearound, and the pole faces 92 of the stator and the permanent magnet (not shown) of the rotor [induct] inductively couple to each other.

Page 3, lines 17-26:

Each separate pole plate assembly 1 comprises a plurality of identical silicon-steel plates (pole plates made of magnetically conductive metallic material. Namely, each pole plate assembly 1 is formed by coaxially stacking a plurality of silicon-steel plates of identical size and shape. Each pole plate assembly 1 comprises a central hub 11 having a central hole 12 through which the engaging member 2 extends. The hub 11 includes a plurality of poles 13 extending radially outward therefrom, the poles 13 being spaced by an identical angular interval. When assembling the pole plate assemblies together by the engaging member 2, the poles 3 of one of the pole plate assemblies 1 are respectively plate [n] in the spaces between the poles of the other pole plate assembly 1 such that the poles 13 of one of the pole plate assemblies 1 and the poles 13 of the other pole plate assembly 1 are alternatively disposed.